§ 300.192

(d) The Secretary deducts from the State's allocation under Part B of the Act the amount the Secretary determines is necessary to implement a bypass and pays that amount to the provider of services. The Secretary may withhold this amount from the State's allocation pending final resolution of any investigation or complaint that could result in a determination that a by-pass must be implemented.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(f)(2))

§ 300.192 Notice of intent to implement a by-pass.

- (a) Before taking any final action to implement a by-pass, the Secretary provides the SEA and, as appropriate, LEA or other public agency with written notice.
- (b) In the written notice, the Secretary—
- (1) States the reasons for the proposed by-pass in sufficient detail to allow the SEA and, as appropriate, LEA or other public agency to respond; and
- (2) Advises the SEA and, as appropriate, LEA or other public agency that it has a specific period of time (at least 45 days) from receipt of the written notice to submit written objections to the proposed by-pass and that it may request in writing the opportunity for a hearing to show cause why a by-pass should not be implemented.
- (c) The Secretary sends the notice to the SEA and, as appropriate, LEA or other public agency by certified mail with return receipt requested.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(f)(3)(A))

$\S 300.193$ Request to show cause.

An SEA, LEA or other public agency in receipt of a notice under §300.192 that seeks an opportunity to show cause why a by-pass should not be implemented must submit a written request for a show cause hearing to the Secretary, within the specified time period in the written notice in §300.192(b)(2).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(f)(3))

§ 300.194 Show cause hearing.

(a) If a show cause hearing is requested, the Secretary—

- (1) Notifies the SEA and affected LEA or other public agency, and other appropriate public and private school officials of the time and place for the hearing:
- (2) Designates a person to conduct the show cause hearing. The designee must not have had any responsibility for the matter brought for a hearing; and
- (3) Notifies the SEA, LEA or other public agency, and representatives of private schools that they may be represented by legal counsel and submit oral or written evidence and arguments at the hearing.
- (b) At the show cause hearing, the designee considers matters such as—
- (1) The necessity for implementing a by-pass:
- (2) Possible factual errors in the written notice of intent to implement a bypass; and
- (3) The objections raised by public and private school representatives.
- (c) The designee may regulate the course of the proceedings and the conduct of parties during the pendency of the proceedings. The designee takes all steps necessary to conduct a fair and impartial proceeding, to avoid delay, and to maintain order.
- (d) The designee has no authority to require or conduct discovery.
- (e) The designee may interpret applicable statutes and regulations, but may not waive them or rule on their validity.
- (f) The designee arranges for the preparation, retention, and, if appropriate, dissemination of the record of the hearing.
- (g) Within 10 days after the hearing, the designee—
- (1) Indicates that a decision will be issued on the basis of the existing record: or
- (2) Requests further information from the SEA, LEA, other public agency, representatives of private schools or Department officials.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(f)(3))

§ 300.195 Decision.

- (a) The designee who conducts the show cause hearing—
- (1) Within 120 days after the record of a show cause hearing is closed, issues a